year. At that time, his adjusted basis in the property, purchased in June 1975, was \$25,900. A competent appraiser valued his home at \$75,000 immediately before the fire and \$40,000 immediately after. His insurance reimbursement was \$10,000. Chester's 2005 AGI is \$28,000.

Chester Howard's single-family ranch home was damaged by fire during the tax

Assuming this was Chester's only loss for the year, what amount, if any, he can

claim as a casualty deduction on Schedule A?

Without closing the PDF window, return to the lesson screen and click Check My Answer.

## Form **4684**

(Rev. January 2006) Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

## **Casualties and Thefts**

► See separate instructions.

▶ Attach to your tax return.▶ Use a separate Form 4684 for each casualty or theft.

OMB No. 1545-0177

2005
Attachment
Sequence No. 26

Name(s) shown on tax return

Identifying number

SEC	CTION A—Personal Use Property (Use this or business or for income-produc			asualties a	and theft	s of proper	ty <b>not</b> u	sed in a	trade
1	Description of properties (show type, location, and d from the same casualty or theft.		· /	roperty). Use	a separat	te line for eac	h property	lost or da	maged
	Property A								
	Property <b>B</b>								
	Property C								
	Property <b>D</b>								
					D				
			A		Properties C		D		
			A	<u> </u>					T
2	Cost or other basis of each property	2							
3	Insurance or other reimbursement (whether or not								
	you filed a claim) (see instructions)	3							
	Note: If line 2 is more than line 3, skip line 4.								
4	Gain from casualty or theft. If line 3 is more than line								
	2, enter the difference here and skip lines 5 through 9 for that column. See instructions if line 3 includes in-								
	surance or other reimbursement you did not claim, or								
	you received payment for your loss in a later tax year.	4							
		_							
5	Fair market value <b>before</b> casualty or theft	5							-
_		6							
6	Fair market value after casualty or theft	-							_
7	Outstand line C from E	7							
	Subtract line 6 from line 5	<u> </u>							
8	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 2 or line 7	8							
9	Subtract line 3 from line 8. If zero or less,								
Ū	enter -0	9							
10	Casualty or theft loss. Add the amounts on line 9 in columns A through D								<u> </u>
11	Enter the <b>smaller</b> of line 10 or \$100. But if the loss a 24, 2005; Hurricane Rita disaster area after September								
	October 22, 2005, and was caused by that particular hurricane, enter -0						11		
12	Subtract line 11 from line 10						12		—
	Caution: Use only one Form 4684 for lines 13 through 21.								
13	Add the amounts on line 12 of all Forms 4684								$\vdash$
14	Add the amounts on line 4 of all Forms 4684						14		$\vdash$
15	<ul> <li>If line 14 is more than line 13, enter the difference here and on Schedule D. Do not complete the rest of this section (see instructions).</li> </ul>						15		
	If line 14 is less than line 13, enter -0- here and go to line 16.						13		+
	• If line 14 is <b>equal</b> to line 13, enter -0- here. <b>Do not</b> complete the rest of this section.								
16	If line 14 is <b>less</b> than line 13, enter the difference						16		
17	Add the amounts on line 12 of all Forms 4684 on which you entered -0- on line 11						17		
18	Is line 17 less than line 16?								
	No. Stop. Enter the amount from line 16 on Schedule A (Form 1040), line 19. Estates and trusts, enter the amount from line 16 on the "Other deductions" line of your tax return.								
	Yes. Subtract line 17 from line 16.						18		
19	Enter 10% of your adjusted gross income from Form 1040, line 38. Estates and trusts, see instructions						19		<u> </u>
20	Subtract line 19 from line 18. If zero or less, enter -0-						20		
21	Add lines 17 and 20. Also enter the result on Schedule A (Form 1040), line 19. Estates and trusts, enter the result on the "Other deductions" line of your tax return						21		